
Operating instruction

Disco check valve

Product line

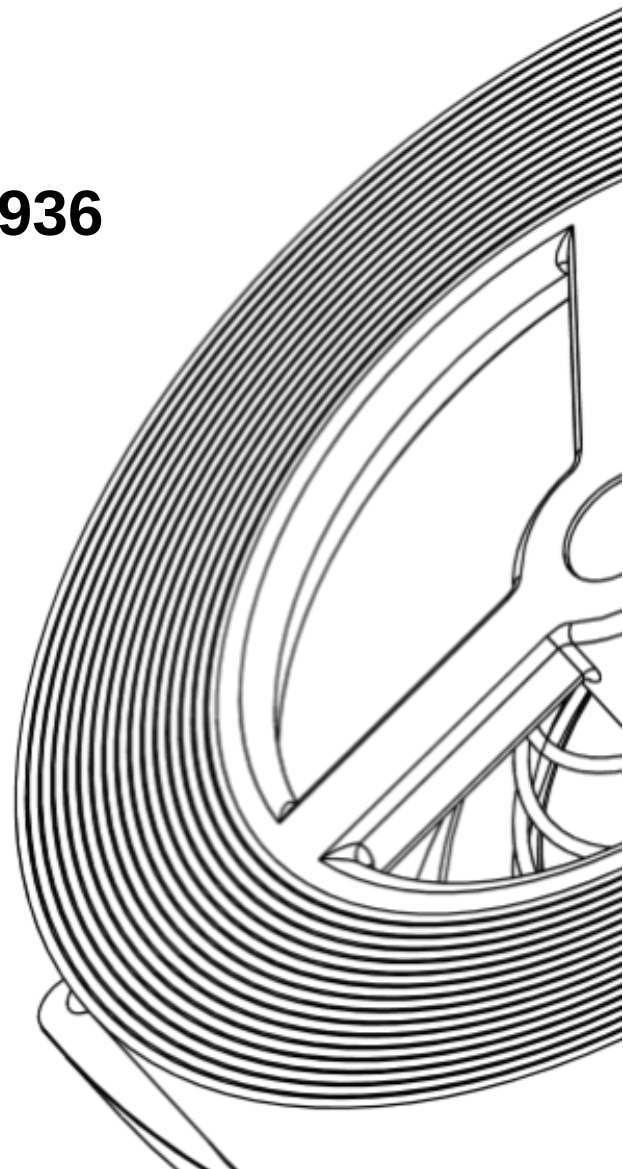
930 / 931 / 932 / 932-HD / 936

AWS Apparatebau Arnold GmbH
Zimmerbachstraße 51
74676 Niedernhall - Waldzimmern

FON +49 (0)7940 9308-200
FAX +49 (0)7940 9308-212
MAIL info@aws-apparatebau.de
WEB www.aws-apparatebau.de

Read carefully before use.
Keep for future use.
We reserve the right to make technical changes.

EN
Englisch



CONTENTS

DISCO CHECK VALVE

1	PREFACE	1
1.1	General	1
1.2	Target group	1
1.2.1	Personnel qualification	1
1.3	Applicable documents	1
1.4	Warranty	1
2	SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS	2
2.1	Warnings	2
2.2	Intended use	2
2.3	Requirements for the user	2
2.4	General safety instructions	3
3	VALVE DESCRIPTION	5
3.1	Product lines	6
3.2	Intended use	7
3.3	Description of function	7
3.4	Pressure test of the valve	8
3.5	Scope of delivery	8
4	TYPE PLATE	9
4.1	Article description breakdown	9
4.2	Type code	10
5	STORAGE AND TRANSPORT	11
6	INSTALLATION	12
6.1	Prepare installation	12
6.2	Installation instruction	13
7	COMMISSIONING, DECOMMISSIONING, MAINTENANCE	16
7.1	Commissioning	16
7.2	Decommissioning	16
7.3	Maintenance	16
7.4	Remove pollutants	16
7.5	Correct malfunctions and defects	17
8	REMOVAL	18
8.1	Prepare removal	18
8.2	Removal instructions	18
9	STORE / REUSE VALVE	18
10	DISPOSAL	19
11	DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY	19

1 PREFACE

This operating instruction supports the user in the appropriate, safe and economical use of the following valves:

- Disco check valves of the product line 930, 931, 932, 932-HD and 936

1.1 General

These operating instructions apply to all the above-mentioned valves. To guarantee safe and smooth use, the entire manual must be read and understood before installation and commissioning. These instructions are intended to assist the user during installation, operation, maintenance and removal. In addition to the instructions in this manual, all applicable accident prevention regulations, safety rules, country-specific or system-specific regulations and instructions must be observed. These operating instructions are an essential part of the valve and must be kept available by the operator at the place of use, also for a later use.

1.2 Target group

This instruction is intended for any person who is involved in work of any kind on the valve. In particular, the operating instructions are intended for trained and qualified personnel.

1.2.1 Personnel qualification

All work on the valve must be carried out by qualified personnel only. If the personnel do not have the required qualifications, they have to be trained. This must be ensured by the operator. Persons without the required knowledge and skills are not permitted to work on the valve.

1.3 Applicable documents

This includes the corresponding data sheet and the declaration of conformity of the above mentioned valves. If necessary, these are to be requested from the manufacturer or downloaded from the website.

1.4 Warranty

AWS Apparatebau Arnold GmbH does not assume any warranty in case the operator or third parties:

- disregard this document.
- do not use the valve properly.
- should carry out interventions of any kind (conversions, modifications, etc.) on the valve.

Malfunctions due to pollution or wear of the valve as well as wearing parts (e.g. seals) are not covered by the warranty.

2 SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

2.1 Warnings

The following warnings are used in this manual. In order to protect you from accidents, injuries and damage to property, it is important to read and observe these warnings.

	DANGER High risk Indicates an immediate danger. If not avoided, death or serious injury will result.
	WARNING Medium risk Indicates a potentially dangerous situation. If not avoided, death or serious injury may result.
	CAUTION Low risk Indicates a potentially dangerous situation. If it is not avoided, minor or slight injuries may result.
	NOTICE Commandment Indicates a potentially harmful situation. If not avoided, property damage may result.

2.2 Intended use

AWS valves may only be used within the approved pressure and temperature limits, considering chemical and corrosive influences. The valves are not suitable for fluids containing solids. Intended use includes observing and following the instructions in this manual. Modifications, conversions or any use of the valve other than the intended use are considered to be improper use.

2.3 Requirements for the user

It is the responsibility of the planner/installer and operator to ensure that:

- the valve is used as described in chapter 2.2 *Intended use*.
- the piping system is properly installed and its proper functioning is regularly checked.
- only qualified personnel are used for installation, removal and maintenance.
- the valve is only professionally installed if it is in perfect condition.
- the operating instruction are taken into account by the personnel.
- personnel receive regular instruction in industrial safety and environmental protection (especially for pressurized pipes).

2.4 General safety instructions

The same regulations apply to all valves as to pipeline systems in which they are installed. The national and international regulations with regard to accident prevention as well as safety regulations must be observed by the operator.

	DANGER
	When working on system ▪ System must be switched off and secured against unauthorized switch-on. ▪ Pipeline must be pressureless to prevent uncontrolled leakage of the medium. ▪ Pipeline must have cooled down to approx. 20°C. ▪ Medium must be completely removed from the valve and pipeline. ▪ Contaminated valve must be completely decontaminated before work is performed. ▪ Valves may only be installed, removed and maintained by qualified personnel.

	DANGER
	When operating the system and the valve ▪ In applications with explosion hazard, hot surfaces of the system and valve parts can be a potential source of ignition. This danger must be taken into account by the operator.

	WARNING
	When working on the system ▪ Any remaining liquid that may leak out during removal must be collected and disposed of.

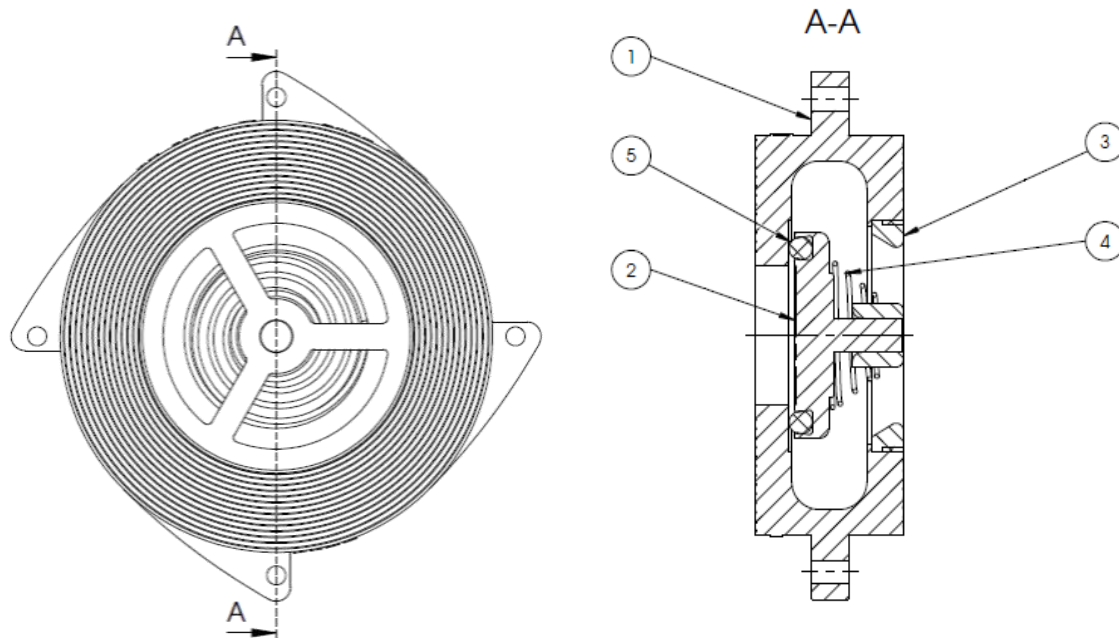
	WARNING
	When operating the system and the valve ▪ Only media may be used which do not damage the valve and its seals (suitable material pairing). Otherwise, this can lead to leakage and leaking of the medium. ▪ When using media with a very low or very high temperature, burns can occur when touching the system parts or the valve housing. In this case, these may only be touched with suitable protective equipment. This must be done under the responsibility of the operator of the system. ▪ Pressure surges in the system can cause severe damage and must be avoided. This is the responsibility of the operator of the system.

	CAUTION
	Risk of minor injuries ▪ Wear protective gloves during installation, removal and maintenance to avoid injuries from cuts on sharp-edged components. ▪ Always secure the valve adequately during transport, installation and removal.
	NOTICE
	Notice of property damage ▪ The valve and the system can be damaged if the valve is not installed correctly. ▪ Do not subject the valve to pressure surges; otherwise the valve may be damaged.

3 VALVE DESCRIPTION

The illustrations are exemplary for the design of the valves. All further information can be found in the data sheets of the relevant product line.

The following illustration describes the 932 product line (DN 15-100):



Disco check valve 932
DN15 - 100

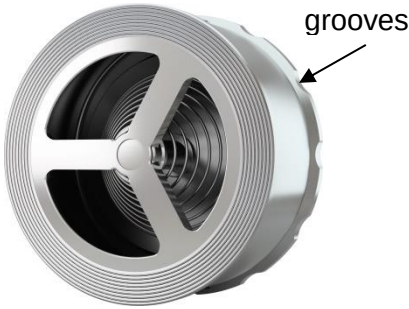
Pos.	Name
1	Body
2	Disc
3	Spring cross
4	Spring
5	O-ring ¹

¹ Only available in soft-sealing version.

The design of the specified product lines (930/931/932/932-HD/936) differs only slightly from each other. The illustration lists all the main components of the valves.

3.1 Product lines

Product line	Characteristics
930 DN 15-100 	- From DN 15 to DN 100. - Centring via the outer diameter of the body.
931 DN 15-100 	- From DN 15 to DN 100. - Centering via the outer diameter of the body and via the centering ring if necessary.
931 DN 125-200 	- From DN 125 to DN 200. - Centering via the outer diameter of the body.
932 DN 15-100  Centering cam	- From DN 15 to DN 100. - Precise adjusting via centering cams. - Centering cams are provided with a hole for grounding cable.

Product line	Characteristics
932 DN 125-300 	- From DN 125 to DN 300. - Centering via grooves or outer diameter of housing.
932-HD DN 15-100 	- From DN 15 to DN 100. - High pressure version up to 160bar. - Centering over the outer diameter of the body.
936 	- From DN 15 to DN 100. - Plastic version. - Centering over the outer diameter of the body.

3.2 Intended use

Disco check valves are valves used to prevent backflow in piping systems. AWS check valves are characterized by their simple design as well as their short face-to-face length (according to DIN EN 558, series 49 and series 52). They provide an optimal solution where wafer connections are required. In addition to the standard design, valves can also be supplied with a wide range of special opening pressures (additional option S07), so that an extremely wide range of applications can be covered. For further special options, please read the sales documents.

The above-mentioned check valves are suitable for use in pipeline systems for the transport of liquid and gaseous fluids, as well as in systems where particularly high requirements are placed on the material. The valves are not suitable for solids.

3.3 Description of function

Disco check valves are medium-controlled backflow preventers and open when the opening force of the medium is greater than the closing force of the disc. In case of failure (e.g. pump failure) or backflow of the medium, the valve closes automatically.

3.4 Pressure test of the valve

The valve is leak-tested at the factory with air or water. Therefore the following warnings must be observed:

	CAUTION
	Residues on the valve ▪ Residues of the test medium may still be left on the contact surfaces of the valve. ▪ Be aware of possible reactions with the operating medium.

During a system pressure test of the system, the following warning must be observed:

	WARNING
	Excess pressure of the valve ▪ In a system pressure test of the system, the pressure must not exceed 1.5 times the max. permissible pressure PS of the valve.

3.5 Scope of delivery

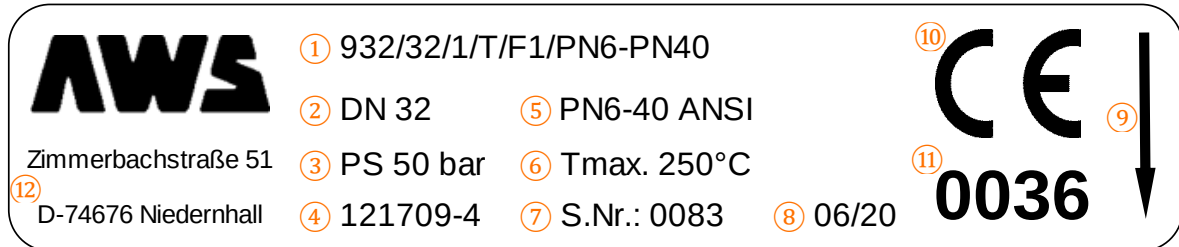
The valve is supplied ready for installation.

For valves with the add-on option S79, an additional grounding cable is included in the scope of delivery.

4 TYPE PLATE

A type plate is attached to each valve. The characteristics of the valve are listed on it. The following illustration shows the structure of such a type plate.

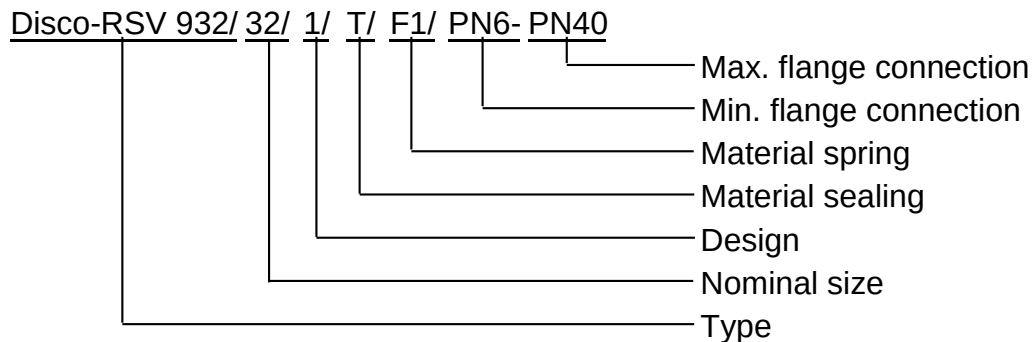
Structure of a 932 disco check valve of the product line 932:



- | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| ① Article description | ⑦ Serial number |
| ② Nominal size | ⑧ Manufacturing date |
| ③ Max. allowable pressure | ⑨ Flow direction |
| ④ Commission number | ⑩ CE marking |
| ⑤ Flange connection | ⑪ Number of the notified authority |
| ⑥ Max. medium temperature | ⑫ Address of the manufacturer |

4.1 Article description breakdown

The following breakdown is an example of a standard valve for illustrative purposes.



4.2 Type code

The type code of the valves is structured as follows:

Type	DN	Design	Material				
	Nominal size		Body	Disc	Spring cross	Spring	Sealing
930	15 – 100	1	1.4408	1.4408	1.4436	F5 = 1.4436	M = Metal seated N = NBR E = EPDM F = FKM T = PTFE

Type	DN	Design	Material				
	Nominal size		Body	Disc	Spring cross	Spring	Sealing
931	15 – 100	3*	CW617N (2.0402)	1.4301	1.4301	F1 = 1.4401	M = Metal seated
	125 – 200	9	EN-GJS-400-18-LT	EN-GJS-400-18-LT	1.4408	F1 = 1.4571	N = NBR
		9.1	EN-GJS-400-18-LT	1.4308	1.4408	F1 = 1.4571	E = EPDM F = FKM T = PTFE

* Design 3 without PTFE sealing

Type	DN	Design	Material				
	Nominal size		Body	Disc	Spring cross	Spring	Sealing
932	15 – 300	1	1.4408	1.4408	1.4408	F1 = 1.4571	M = Metal seated N = NBR E = EPDM F = FKM T = PTFE
	15 – 100	4	CC333G (2.0975)	CC333G (2.0975)	CC333G (2.0975)	F2 = Hastelloy C4	
	15 – 100	4.1	CC333G (2.0975)	1.4408	1.4408	F1 = 1.4571	
	15 – 300	5	1.0619, verzinkt	1.4408	1.4408	F1 = 1.4571	
	15 – 300	6	1.4469	1.4469	1.4469	F2 = Hastelloy C4	
	15 – 300	6.1	1.4469	1.4408	1.4408	F1 = 1.4571	

Type	DN	Design	Material				
	Nominal size		Body	Disc	Spring cross	Spring	Sealing
936	15 – 100	4	PVC-U	PVC-U	PVC-U	F1 = 1.4571	N = NBR E = EPDM F = FKM T = PTFE
		5	PP-H	PP-H	PP-H	F1 = 1.4571	
		8	PVDF	PVDF	PVDF	F1 = 1.4571	

5 STORAGE AND TRANSPORT

The valve is delivered in a ready-to-use condition. In the course of storing and transporting the valve, there are some guidelines that the user must follow in order to guarantee proper functioning of the valve.

Storage:

- The valve must be stored in the original packaging in closed rooms.
- During storage, the valve must be protected from harmful influences (e.g. moisture or dirt).
- Valves with sealing elements made of organic materials (e.g. EPDM) must be stored away from sunlight and UV light to prevent faster aging.
- During storage the valve must be protected against mechanical damage. Special attention must be paid to the protection of the connection and sealing surfaces.
- To achieve short storage times, existing stocks should be used first (first in - first out).
- In the case of long storage periods, the seals may have aged considerably, which can lead to malfunctions.

Transport:

- During transport, the same guidelines apply as for storage.
- When transporting over long distances, the valve must be transported in a suitable packaging to protect it from mechanical damage and corrosion.
- For valves with a large nominal size, that cannot be moved manually, the appropriate sling must be used.
- Only use slings on the body or on the eyebolt of the valve, not on the internal parts.

6 INSTALLATION

The operator of the system is generally responsible for the dimensioning of the piping and the installation of the valve. The function can be affected by planning and installation errors.

6.1 Prepare installation

- Remove the valve from the packaging.
- Check complete valve for transport damage.
- Check the mobility of the discs.
- In case of damage contact the manufacturer.
- Damaged valves / components must not be installed.

	DANGER
	Accident prevention measures before installation ▪ Pipelines of the system must be pressureless. ▪ Ensure that pipelines and valve have cooled down to lukewarm. ▪ System must be free of hazardous media. ▪ System must be switched off and secured against switching on again. ▪ If necessary, use the suitable protective equipment.

	DANGER
	Incorrectly connected valve ▪ Installation of the valve may only be carried out by qualified personnel. ▪ Flow direction arrow of the valve must match the flow direction of the pipeline. ▪ Only valves whose pressure class, chemical resistance, connection and dimensions correspond to the operating conditions may be installed. ▪ Valve may only be used within the intended operating limits. ▪ Pipelines must be emptied and cleaned if necessary.

	WARNING
	Valve handling ▪ The spring cross is under preload and should only be released if absolutely necessary. If required, a press device must be used for this purpose in order to avoid risks due to high spring forces. ▪ Special attention must be paid to the risk of crushing or pinching fingers when testing the mobility of the disc.

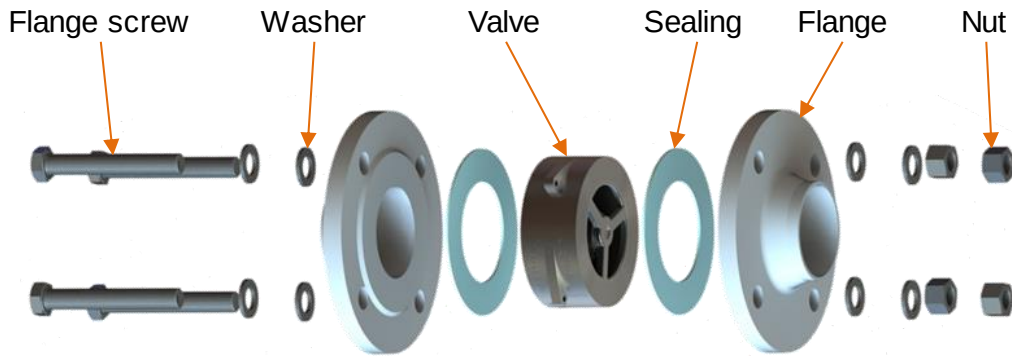
	WARNING
	Hoist for moving large valves ▪ Lifting equipment may only be used by the personnel instructed in it. ▪ The appropriate sling must be used for the valve. ▪ The lifting capacity of the hoist and sling must be designed for at least the total weight of the valve. ▪ Ensure that there are no persons under suspended load.
	NOTICE
	Instructions for installing the valve ▪ The system must be clean and free of contaminants at the point of installation (flanges). Special attention must be paid to the sealing surfaces. ▪ It must be ensured that a calming distance of 5 x DN (see 6.2 <i>Installation instruction; calming distance</i>) is available before and after the valve. ▪ Do not install directly on the pump flange.

6.2 Installation instruction

When installing the valve, the following steps must be followed:

- Place one washer on each of the flange screws.
- Insert two flange screws through the lower flange holes; these can serve as a support in the installation position with horizontal flow. From the other side, place one washer and then one nut und the flange screw and tighten them lightly.
- Insert the valve between flanges and sealing and place it on the two flange screws.
- For large valves that can no longer be moved manually, use a hoist.
- Insert a suitable flange joint sealing between the flange and the valve; these are to be centered with the valve between the flanges.
- Insert remaining flange screws into the flange holes.
- Place one washer and then one nut on each flange screw and tighten them lightly.
- Then center the valve including flange joint sealing between the flanges. The valve is centered by the flange screws and the respective shape of the valve.
- Tighten the flange screws crosswise with the appropriate tightening torque (for guide values, see table: *Tightening torques of the flange connection*).

As an alternative to the flange screws, threaded rods can also be used to install the valve.



Tightening torques of the flange connection

The tightening torques given below are to be understood as guide values, as they depend on various factors, such as the material and strength class of the screws or the used flange sealing.

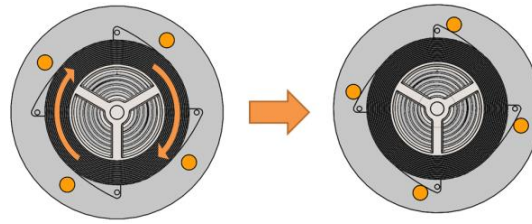
Screw	Tightening torque [Nm]*	
	plastic* ¹	metallic* ²
M10	30	30
M12	20	50
M16	35	130
M20	60	250
M24	100	420
M27	600	600

*¹ Refers to swing check valves or piping made of plastic.

*² Refers to swing check valves or piping made of metallic materials.

Centering the product line 931 and 932 DN 15-100

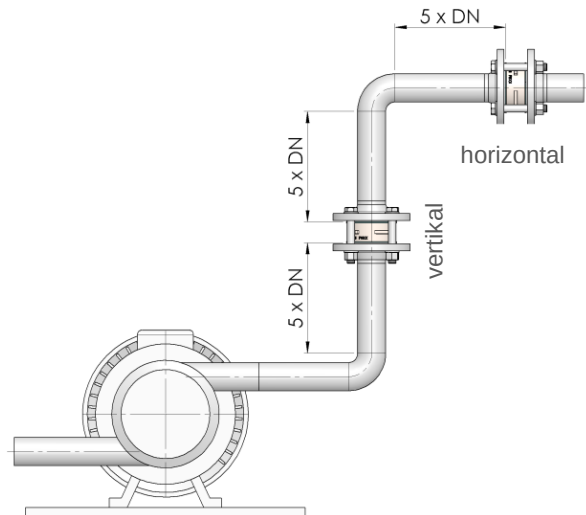
The valve is not centered.
It must be rotated in order to be centered.



Centering cams are in contact with the flange screws.
The valve is centered.

Calming distance

The illustration shows options how the valve should be installed in vertical and horizontal flow direction. It shows how the calming distance of $5 \times \text{DN}$ must be realized in order to guarantee a proper function of the valve.



Installation position without closing spring

The valves can be installed in any position. Excluded are check valves without closing spring. It must be ensured that the installation is only carried out in vertical pipelines with flow direction from bottom to top (see illustration on the right).



	NOTICE
	Malfunctions/damage due to incorrect installation position The valve must be installed in the correct installation position and properly centered between the two pipelines.

7 COMMISSIONING, DECOMMISSIONING, MAINTENANCE

7.1 Commissioning

Before commissioning, compare the operating data and materials of the valve with those of the piping system. This allows the durability of the system to be checked. In the case of new systems or repairs, the entire piping system must be rinsed to remove foreign substances from the system. Before commissioning, ensure that the valve is properly installed and all connections are properly connected. No work may be carried out on the valve during its operation.

7.2 Decommissioning

During decommissioning and long downtimes, media that change their aggregate state must be drained or removed from the system. If necessary, the system must be flushed out.

7.3 Maintenance

AWS disco check valves are maintenance-free. However, they can be checked for function and safety to avoid unforeseen downtimes. The interval time is to be determined by the operator.

	DANGER
	Danger due to work on the system During operation, no work (e.g. maintenance work) may be carried out on the valve.

7.4 Remove pollutants

When working on the valve, there is a risk of coming into contact with hazardous substances.

The following warnings must be observed:

	DANGER
	Danger from contaminants on the valve due to use in contaminated areas - Work on contaminated valves is only permitted for qualified personnel. - The valve must be completely decontaminated before any work is performed on it. - The required protective equipment must always be worn in the contaminated area. In addition, all safety measures must be followed when handling the respective hazardous substances. - Plastic parts may be so heavily contaminated that cleaning is no longer sufficient.

7.5 Correct malfunctions and defects

Malfunctions or defects may occur during operation. The following table shows possible causes and the appropriate solution. If malfunctions/defects are not listed, please contact the manufacturer.

Malfunction/Defect	Cause	Solution
High noise emission	Calming distance too low/not respected	Install the valve at a suitable position in order to be able to maintain the calming distance
	Flow rate too low	Select smaller nominal size
No flow present	Valve installed the wrong way round	Align flow direction arrow with flow direction
	Flow rate too low	Increase pressure or flow rate
	Washer jammed	Clean valve
		Replace valve
	Closing spring too strong, valve cannot open	Use a weaker closing spring
Leakage rate too high	O-ring damaged	Replace O-ring
	Disc deformed	Replace disc
	Sealing surface damaged	Rework sealing surface, replace affected component if necessary
	Sealing surface dirty	Clean the sealing surface
	Wear	Replace affected components
	Closing spring worn/defective	Replace closing spring
Flange leakage	Flanges not sufficiently braced	Check fasteners and retighten if necessary
	Sealing surface/seal damaged	Rework sealing surface, replace body if necessary
	Sealing surface/seal dirty	Clean sealing surface/seal

8 REMOVAL

When removing the valve from the pipeline, all previously mentioned warnings and instructions apply. Pay special attention to chapter 6 *Installation* and chapter 7 *Commissioning, decommissioning, maintenance*.

8.1 Prepare removal

Before removal, the following steps must be observed:

- Pipelines must be emptied and cleaned if necessary.
- Provide collection container if there is a residue of the medium in the pipeline.
- Observe applicable warnings and instructions to ensure safe and successful work.

8.2 Removal instructions

The following aspects must be observed during removal:

- Loosen nuts of all flange screws.
- Completely remove all nuts and washers from the flange screws.
- Pull the flange screws out of the flange holes.
- For horizontal flow, the lower flange screws can remain inserted to facilitate removal.
- Secure valve against falling down.
- Remove the valve from the flange using the eyebolt. For large valves, use a hoist and suitable sling.
- Remove the remaining flange screws from the flange holes.
- Place the valve on a suitable surface.

9 STORE / REUSE VALVE

After the removal, the valve can be stored or used in another system.

The following guidelines must be observed:

- There must be no residues of the medium in the valve.
- Make sure that the valve is in perfect condition before reusing it.
- Valve must be designed for the given operating conditions when reused.
- In case of storage, the information in chapter 5 *Storage and transport* must be taken into account.

	NOTICE
	Environmental pollution due to residues ▪ Ensure that the valve is free of residues of the medium before disposal or storage. ▪ All materials are to be disposed of properly in accordance with applicable regulations.

10 DISPOSAL

The following regulations must be observed when disposing the valve:

	NOTICE
	Disposal of the valve ▪ All valve parts must be disposed of in accordance with the disposal regulations / environmental protection regulations. ▪ Pay attention to any residual buildup and outgassing of the flow media.

11 DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

The valves are compliant with Directive 2014/68/EU (Pressure Equipment Directive). The declaration of conformity can be accessed and downloaded from the website www.aws-apparatebau.de.